

River Basin Water Resources Planning

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North Carolina Department
of
Environment and Natural Resources

Water Resources Plans support



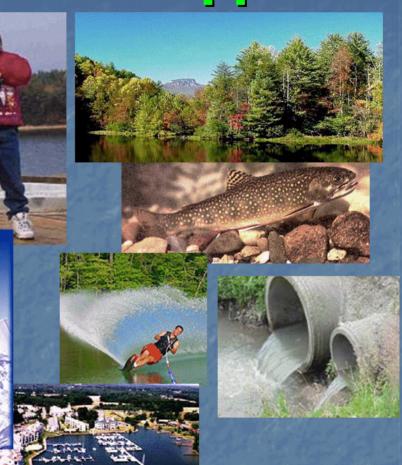
Sustainable management

Reliable, quantitative methods for planning

Objective management and regulatory decision making









Critical Questions

How much water is available in the river system?

How much and when is water needed for the various services we expect the river to provide?

Water Use Data + Hydrologic Model



Hydrologic Model

River Basin Water Resources Plan

Historical Flows

Operation Guidelines

Water Use

Evaluation Criteria

Local Water Supply Plans

Self-supplied Industry

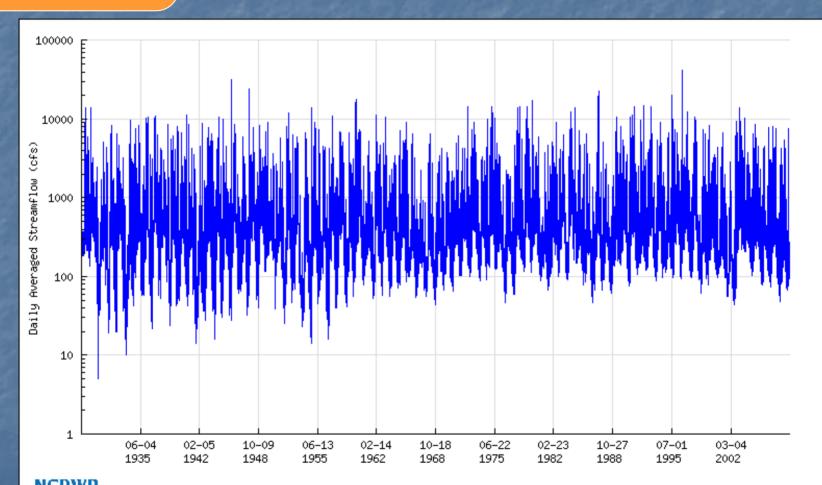
Agriculture

Other Registered Withdrawers

Historical Flows

More than 70 years Annual Flow Patterns





Station 02096500 - HAW RIVER AT HAW RIVER, NC --- Daily Averaged Streamflow (cfs)
 Daily flows less than or equal to zero are set to 0.01 cfs.



Operations Guidelines

Examples

- Quantity and timing of specific flows
 - Aquatic habitats
 - Water quality protection
 - ✓ Intake coverage
 - Recreation



- Reservoir water level limits and timing
 - Structural limits
 - Aquatic habitat protection
 - ✓ Intake coverage
 - Boat ramp access
 - Authorized purposes and storage allocations

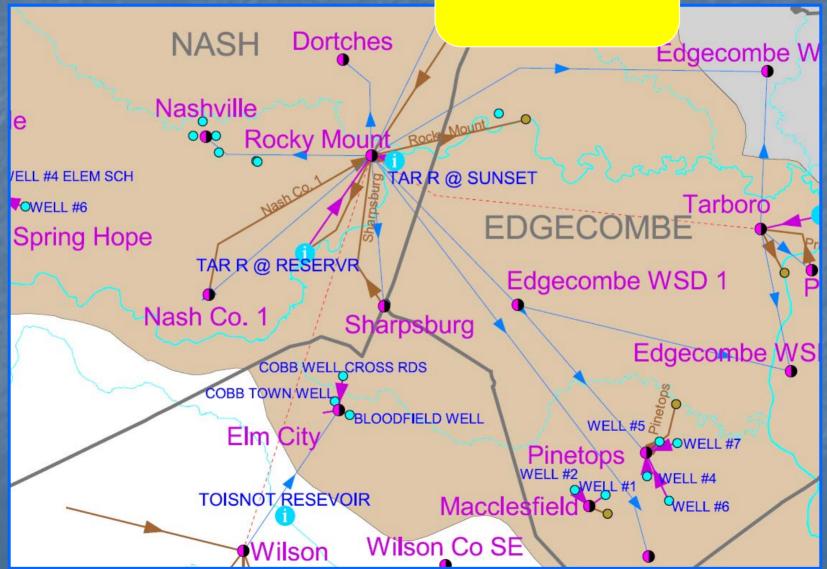


Water Use

- Water Withdrawal Registrations
 - Agriculture > 1,000,000 gallons per day
 - Non-agriculture > 100,000 gallons per day
- Local Water Supply Plans
 - Local Government Water Systems
 - Other Large Community Water Systems
- Annual Use Reporting due by April 1

Water and Treatment Sharing

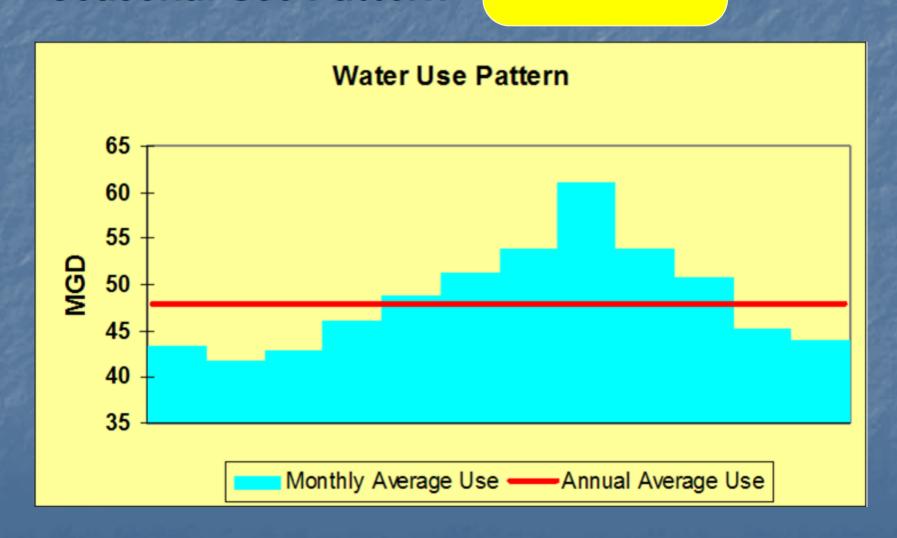
Water Use





Water Use

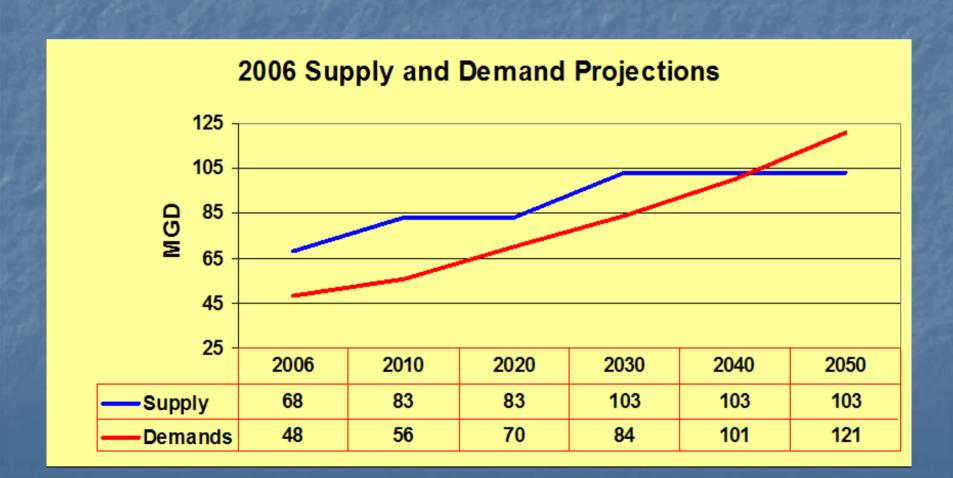
Seasonal Use Pattern





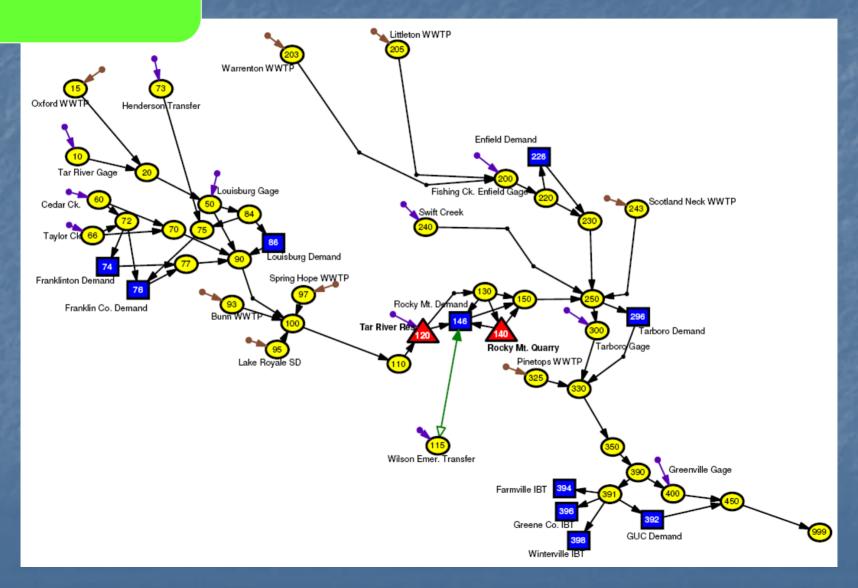
Water Use

Projected Demands



Hydrologic Model

Tar River Model DRAFT Schematic





Major Assumptions

- Future withdrawals will come from current intake locations
- Future wastewater discharges will be same percent of withdrawals at the same locations
- Sellers will continue to meet buyers' needs
- Future flows will be within the range of flows in the historical record
- Local utilities are the best judges of future system growth
- Currently <u>NO</u> Provisions of ecological flows



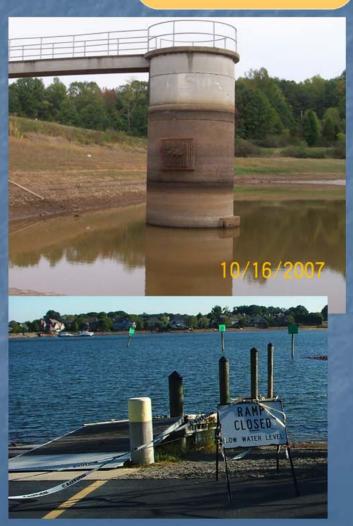
How often? What's the chance?

Evaluation Criteria











Interpretation

Evaluated Modeling Results

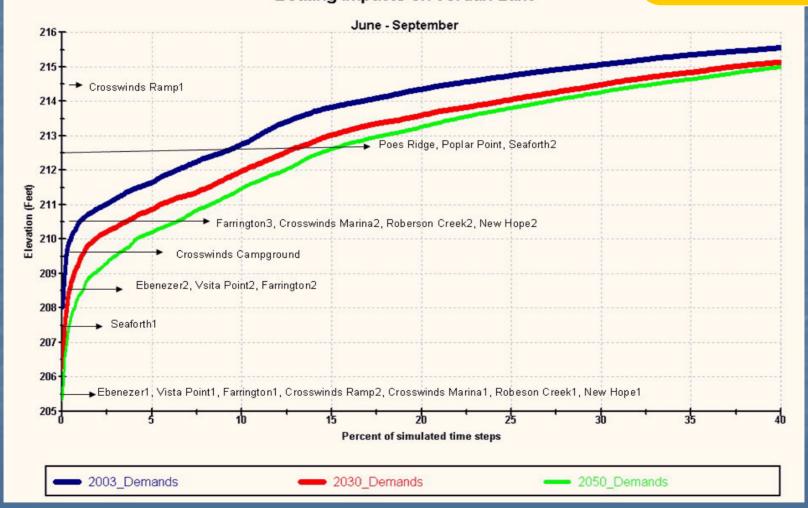
- What is the answer to each of the evaluation questions?
- Are there areas where there may be problems meeting expected demands?
- When can we expect to have shortages and how can we adapt when there is a shortage?



Reservoir Water Levels

Evaluation Criteria



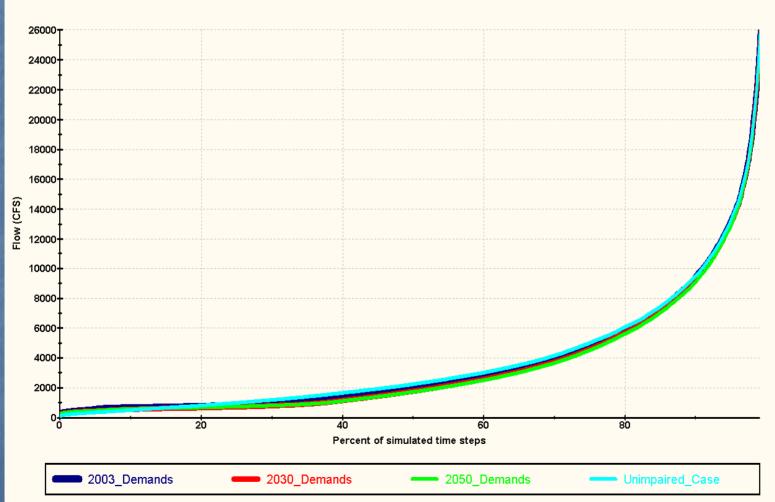




Stream Flows

Evaluation Criteria

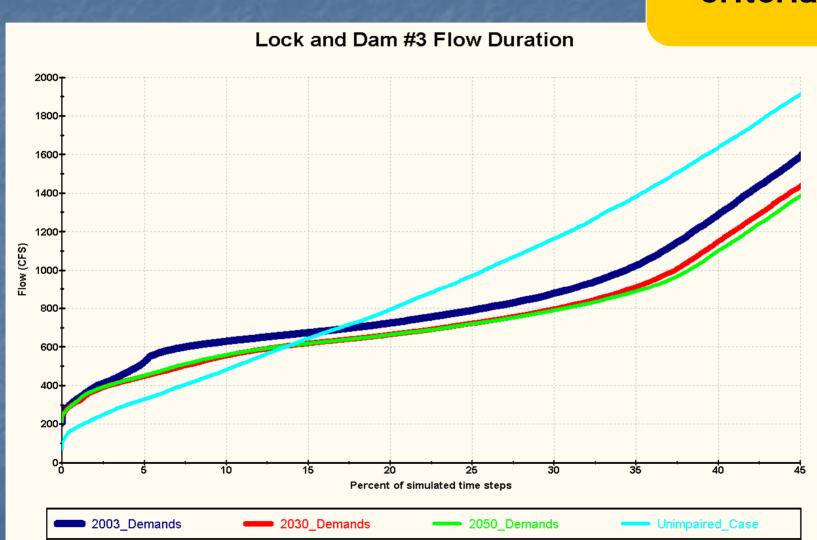






Stream Flows

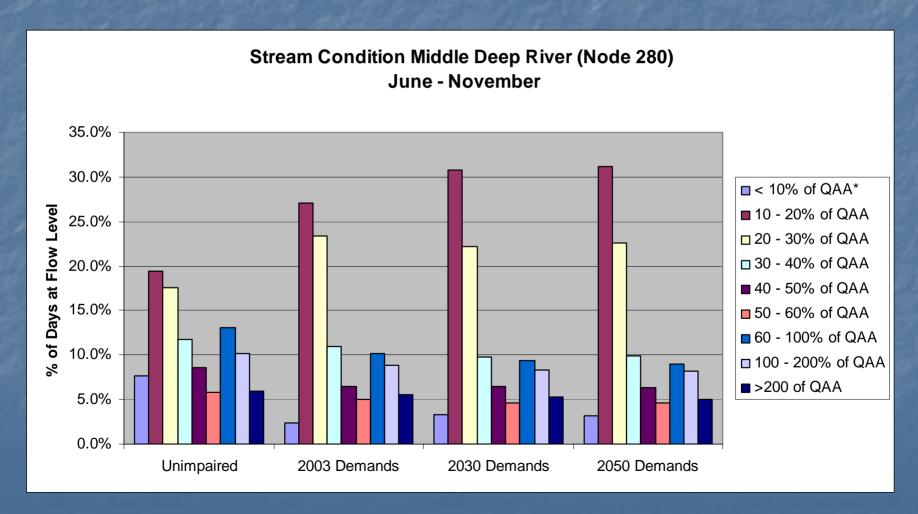
Evaluation Criteria





Evaluation Criteria

Flow Regime Changes





Evaluation Criteria

Water Supply Deficits

Table 4-3: Water Supply Demand & Deficits Predicted by the Neuse River Basin Hydrologic Model, 2050 Scenario

Model Scenario	2050 Average Demand (mgd)	2050 Average Deficit (mgd)	Longest Deficit Period (Days)	Years Demand Not Fully Met
Water Systems	0.04	0.44	20	Out of 78
Orange-Alamance	0.21	0.14	30	2
Hillsborough	2.76	1.84	30	2
Piedmont Minerals	0.25	0.16	30	2
Raleigh	129.23	86.18	124	36
Durham	40.92	29.13	60	5
SGWASA	10.01	8.7	79	14

Longest Deficit (Days) = The greatest number of consecutive days over the entire 78 year record that the full water supply demand may not be met.

Years Demand Not Met = The number of years out of a total of 78 annual flow patterns that the full water supply demand may not be met.

Systems in Red are those for which a deficit is predicted in any scenario seven or more years out of the 78 year record.

Needed Information for Plan Update

- Annual Water Use Data LWSP & WWR
- Update LWSP
 - ✓ Projections to 2060
 - ✓ Projections of wastewater discharges
 - ✓ Anticipated source changes (GW --> SW?)
 - Anticipated additional water sources
- USE "NOTE" FIELDS to submit additional information



What ifs:

- Would a reasonable reduction in demands avoid the identified problems?
- Could an alternative source meet expected demands?
- What happens if future droughts are longer or more severe?
- What happens if we can not discharge the same percent of wastewater?

Division of Water Resources

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